

Submitted by John Schellenberg, 7th Grade Life Science

Photos -

-Alyssa & Ellie in lab - procedures, process, results, sealed container with filter for analysis later. -data sheet for fluorescence tests

-doesn't matter who is recording and who is processing. Help each other out with issues that arise.

-remind each other of protocols - rinsing, which filters to use, samples to freeze, etc

Salt marsh

-shot of entire frame of marsh - can you count everything?

-inset of crabs, Spartina shoots, periwinkles - can you count this much and estimate the rest? -bias of areas that you sample - more crabs in sparse areas, less in highly vegetated.

Drones/Little Sapelo

-importance of notes to show hypothesized flow and actual flow

-review method and analyze errors - dyes, lemons, hypotheses, blocking flow with kayak, spring tide _____***Need drone photos from Collin***-----

Garden -

-impact of a single person, personal projects -food deserts and local food access for Sapelo Island residents

BIG PICTURE

- Almost all hypotheses were incorrectly predicted - flow in and out of marsh at Little Sapelo, eH at ends of marsh

-take careful notes of EVERYTHING! Draw pictures, use your tech to take pics or record things -you run the risk of losing all your data if you don't follow protocols for storage or steps for conducting your research the right way - froze all samples vs just the right ones.

-technology changes allow us to explore new things and discover/understand how things work. We couldn't have done some of these studies without technology allowing us to do them - drones, DNA sequencing, enzyme assays, etc.

Specific tasks/lessons

- Measuring and accuracy/consistency/precision -
 - Which tool do we use and why? How do we use it correctly? have rulers, scales, tapes,
 - micrometers, etc for each station. 3 stations of mixed objects, 3 with sorting of same objects.
 - ___****make data recording sheet***



- Use shells from S.I. and have students measure and sort/group them accordingly -FIND lesson from NSTA that is similar and follow that as method.
- Can we estimate missing parts or how large something was based on what is there vs. missing? How large is a dinosaur if we just find one bone? horseshoe crabs, sand dollar parts, other animal bones from TX, raccoon skulls, etc.
- Warm ups use bioacoustics websites to do brain teasers--
 - What makes this sound? Play fish and bird calls/sounds and take guesses as to what makes it, how it makes it and why it makes it (If I can find answers to all 3, each day will vary.)
- Lab procedures and safety -
 - Alyssa and Ellie lab photos, use as discussions for group roles and how people should act within a lab group for performing labs as a team successfully!
- Who is a scientist?
 - Use random pictures of everyone working on their jobs include lab shots, field shots and "typical" scientist shots (lab coats, etc), use HHMI videos - even split male/female, races, etc.
 - Goal here is to make all feel included and worthy of conducting science and learning how the world operates in various ways by participating.
- Nature field guide for Renfroe Middle School
 - Using various nature guides to show students how to identify unknowns shells, plants, insects, etc. from pictures and from field studies.
 - Eventual goal is to produce a field guide to our campus so that students know the plants and common animals around our campus created by students for students scientific names during that unit, life cycles during that unit, seasonal changes and pictures during that unit.
- Biomes -
 - Salt marsh/Estuary -
 - Use pictures of different marsh areas to show tide, types of grasses, protective barriers from land and other important facts about salt marshes.
 - Discuss biodiversity, carbon capture
- Populations and communities
 - Use pictures of fiddler crabs in marsh to talk about different species and how those are different populations because they are different species.
 - Use pictures to illustrate the importance of sampling to estimate
 - Discuss bias in sampling and how it can affect your results positively and negatively.
 - Show Trophic Cascades HHMI video of Dr. Silliman and his study
 - Use the "1m²" lessons from earlier LTER